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Ethyl 4-ethylamino-3-nitrobenzoate

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 294 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.010 Å; R factor = 0.077; wR factor = 0.173; data-to-parameter ratio = 6.9.

In the molecule of the title compound, $C_{11}H_{14}N_2O_4$, a bifurcated intra/intermolecular N-H···(O,O) hydrogen bond occurs. The intramolecular component results in a non-planar six-membered ring with a flattened-boat conformation. In the crystal structure, the intermolecular interaction links the molecules into chains parallel to the b axis.

Related literature

For a related structure, see: Ates-Alagoz et al. (2001). For bond-length data, see: Allen et al. (1987). For ring-puckering parameters, see: Cremer & Pople (1975).



Å

Experimental

Crystal data	
$C_{11}H_{14}N_2O_4$	b = 16.180 (3) Å
$M_r = 238.24$	c = 8.4890 (17) Å
Monoclinic, $P2_1$	$\beta = 95.80 (3)^{\circ}$
a = 4.2360 (8) Å	V = 578.8 (2) Å ³

Z = 2Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\mu = 0.11 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

Data collection

Enraf–Nonius CAD-4
diffractometer
Absorption correction: ψ scan
(North et al., 1968)
$T_{\min} = 0.969, \ T_{\max} = 0.990$
1213 measured reflections

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.077$ $wR(F^2) = 0.173$ S = 1.011066 reflections 154 parameters

 $0.30 \times 0.20 \times 0.10 \text{ mm}$

1066 independent reflections 841 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\rm int} = 0.018$ 3 standard reflections frequency: 120 min intensity decay: none

4 restraints H-atom parameters constrained $\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.24 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^ \Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.30 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$N1-H1A\cdotsO2$ N1-H1A\cdotsO3 ⁱ	0.86 0.86	2.00 2.45	2.645 (10) 3.053 (10)	131 128
S	L 2 L 1	1.1		

Symmetry code: (i) $-x + 2, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + 1$.

Data collection: CAD-4 Software (Enraf-Nonius, 1989); cell refinement: CAD-4 Software; data reduction: XCAD4 (Harms & Wocadlo, 1995); program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 for Windows (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HK2598).

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organic compounds

T = 294 (2) K

supplementary materials

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Ethyl 4-ethylamino-3-nitrobenzoate

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Comment

Some derivatives of benzoic acid are important chemical materials. We report herein the crystal structure of the title compound.

In the molecule of the title compound (Fig 1), the bond lengths (Allen *et al.*, 1987) and angles are within normal ranges. Ring A (C3-C8) is, of course, planar. The intramolecular N-H···O hydrogen bond (Table 1) results in a nonplanar sixmembered ring B (O2/N1/N2/C3/C4/H1A), having total puckering amplitude, Q_T, of 0.163 (2) Å, flattened-boat conformation [φ = 52.00 (3)° and θ = 19.29 (4)°] (Cremer & Pople, 1975).

In the crystal structure, intermolecular N-H…O hydrogen bonds (Table 1) link the molecules into chains parallel to the b axis (Fig. 2), in which they may be effective in the stabilization of the structure.

Experimental

For the preparation of the title compound, ethyl 4-chloro-3-nitrobenzoate (5.3 g, 0.023 mol) was refluxed in ethyl amine (20 ml) and tetrahydrofuran (50 ml) for 2 h. Then, solvents were evaporated and water was added to give yellow precipate. It was collected by filtration and washed with cold ethanol (2 X 15 ml) to afford the yellow solid (yield; 4.4 g, 80%) (Ates-Alagoz *et al.*, 2001). Crystals suitable for X-ray analysis were obtained by slow evaporation of an ethanol solution.

Refinement

H atoms were positioned geometrically, with N-H = 0.86 Å (for NH) and C-H = 0.93, 0.97 and 0.96 Å for aromatic, methylene and methyl H, respectively, and constrained to ride on their parent atoms, with $U_{iso}(H) = xU_{eq}(C,N)$, where x = 1.5 for methyl H and x = 1.2 for all other H atoms.

Figures



Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title molecule, with the atom-numbering scheme. Hydrogen bond is shown as dashed line.



Fig. 2. A partial packing diagram of the title compound. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

Ethyl 4-ethylamino-3-nitrobenzoate

Crystal data	
$C_{11}H_{14}N_2O_4$	$F_{000} = 252$
$M_r = 238.24$	$D_{\rm x} = 1.367 \ {\rm Mg \ m^{-3}}$
Monoclinic, <i>P</i> 2 ₁	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
Hall symbol: P 2yb	Cell parameters from 25 reflections
a = 4.2360 (8) Å	$\theta = 10-12^{\circ}$
b = 16.180(3) Å	$\mu = 0.11 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
c = 8.4890 (17) Å	T = 294 (2) K
$\beta = 95.80 \ (3)^{\circ}$	Block, colorless
V = 578.8 (2) Å ³	$0.30 \times 0.20 \times 0.10 \text{ mm}$
<i>Z</i> = 2	

Data collection

Enraf–Nonius CAD-4 diffractometer	$R_{\rm int} = 0.018$
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.2^{\circ}$
Monochromator: graphite	$\theta_{\min} = 2.4^{\circ}$
T = 294(2) K	$h = -5 \rightarrow 5$
$\omega/2\theta$ scans	$k = 0 \rightarrow 19$
Absorption correction: ψ scan (North <i>et al.</i> , 1968)	$l = 0 \rightarrow 10$
$T_{\min} = 0.969, T_{\max} = 0.990$	3 standard reflections
1213 measured reflections	every 120 min
1066 independent reflections	intensity decay: none
841 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$	

Refinement

•	
Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.077$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.173$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.05P)^2 + 1.25P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
<i>S</i> = 1.01	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$
1066 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.24 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$
154 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.30 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
4 restraints	Extinction correction: none
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct	

methods

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (A^2)

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{\rm iso}*/U_{\rm eq}$
01	0.7012 (15)	1.1050 (4)	0.7940 (7)	0.0772 (18)
O2	0.9134 (16)	1.1622 (4)	0.5988 (8)	0.083 (2)
03	0.9764 (13)	0.7330 (4)	0.7615 (6)	0.0589 (15)
04	0.7965 (13)	0.8254 (3)	0.9244 (6)	0.0564 (14)
N1	1.2210 (17)	1.0712 (5)	0.4054 (8)	0.065 (2)
H1A	1.1591	1.1204	0.4256	0.078*
N2	0.8667 (17)	1.0957 (5)	0.6810 (9)	0.0659 (19)
C1	1.212 (2)	1.0329 (6)	0.1174 (10)	0.071 (2)
H1B	1.3443	1.0259	0.0328	0.106*
H1C	1.0571	1.0750	0.0891	0.106*
H1D	1.1069	0.9818	0.1355	0.106*
C2	1.414 (2)	1.0581 (6)	0.2654 (10)	0.071 (3)
H2A	1.5246	1.1089	0.2453	0.085*
H2B	1.5719	1.0157	0.2925	0.085*
C3	1.1440 (15)	1.0085 (4)	0.4988 (7)	0.0383 (15)
C4	0.9754 (15)	1.0194 (5)	0.6315 (8)	0.0416 (16)
C5	0.9015 (15)	0.9543 (4)	0.7232 (8)	0.0401 (17)
H5A	0.7858	0.9646	0.8086	0.048*
C6	0.9927 (16)	0.8715 (4)	0.6946 (8)	0.0404 (16)
C7	1.1639 (14)	0.8632 (4)	0.5582 (7)	0.0393 (16)
H7A	1.2333	0.8105	0.5348	0.047*
C8	1.2314 (16)	0.9232 (4)	0.4633 (8)	0.0377 (16)
H8A	1.3342	0.9118	0.3740	0.045*
C9	0.9235 (16)	0.8047 (4)	0.7942 (8)	0.0376 (15)
C10	0.7087 (18)	0.7563 (5)	1.0314 (8)	0.0483 (19)
H10A	0.8916	0.7222	1.0650	0.058*
H10B	0.5432	0.7217	0.9787	0.058*
C11	0.590 (2)	0.8020 (6)	1.1726 (9)	0.060 (2)
H11A	0.5211	0.7625	1.2463	0.090*
H11B	0.4157	0.8372	1.1357	0.090*
H11C	0.7590	0.8348	1.2240	0.090*

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
O1	0.095 (4)	0.068 (4)	0.073 (4)	0.010 (4)	0.028 (4)	0.005 (4)
O2	0.094 (5)	0.079 (5)	0.078 (5)	-0.004 (4)	0.019 (4)	0.003 (4)
O3	0.068 (3)	0.052 (4)	0.059 (3)	0.004 (3)	0.015 (3)	0.002 (3)
O4	0.070 (3)	0.049 (3)	0.051 (3)	0.005 (3)	0.009 (3)	-0.002 (3)
N1	0.072 (4)	0.063 (5)	0.059 (4)	-0.011 (4)	0.005 (4)	-0.008 (4)
N2	0.068 (4)	0.068 (5)	0.061 (4)	0.001 (4)	0.002 (4)	-0.003 (4)
C1	0.083 (6)	0.070 (6)	0.061 (5)	0.008 (5)	0.012 (4)	0.004 (5)
C2	0.071 (5)	0.075 (7)	0.067 (6)	0.008 (5)	0.012 (4)	-0.005 (5)
C3	0.043 (3)	0.037 (4)	0.033 (3)	-0.006 (3)	-0.003 (3)	0.003 (3)
C4	0.040 (3)	0.045 (4)	0.039 (4)	-0.002 (3)	0.003 (3)	0.004 (3)
C5	0.039 (3)	0.043 (4)	0.038 (4)	0.001 (3)	0.002 (3)	-0.001 (3)
C6	0.044 (4)	0.034 (4)	0.043 (4)	0.002 (3)	0.006 (3)	-0.002 (3)
C7	0.044 (4)	0.037 (4)	0.037 (4)	0.004 (3)	0.005 (3)	-0.002 (3)
C8	0.050 (4)	0.029 (4)	0.035 (4)	-0.005 (3)	0.009 (3)	0.005 (3)
C9	0.047 (4)	0.029 (4)	0.037 (4)	0.002 (3)	0.004 (3)	-0.001 (3)
C10	0.055 (4)	0.052 (5)	0.038 (4)	0.002 (4)	0.005 (3)	0.006 (4)
C11	0.062 (5)	0.064 (5)	0.053 (5)	0.003 (4)	0.007 (4)	-0.002 (4)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

O1—N2	1.253 (9)	C3—C8	1.467 (9)
O2—N2	1.308 (10)	C4—C5	1.365 (10)
O3—C9	1.219 (9)	C5—C6	1.422 (9)
O4—C9	1.320 (8)	C5—H5A	0.9300
O4—C10	1.510 (8)	С6—С9	1.420 (9)
N1—C2	1.523 (11)	C6—C7	1.434 (9)
N1—C3	1.349 (10)	C7—C8	1.311 (9)
N1—H1A	0.8600	С7—Н7А	0.9300
N2—C4	1.397 (10)	C8—H8A	0.9300
C1—C2	1.502 (12)	C10—C11	1.535 (10)
C1—H1B	0.9600	C10—H10A	0.9700
C1—H1C	0.9600	C10—H10B	0.9700
C1—H1D	0.9600	C11—H11A	0.9600
C2—H2A	0.9700	C11—H11B	0.9600
C2—H2B	0.9700	C11—H11C	0.9600
C3—C4	1.405 (9)		
C2—N1—H1A	118.9	С4—С5—Н5А	118.4
C3—N1—C2	122.3 (8)	С6—С5—Н5А	118.4
C3—N1—H1A	118.9	C9—C6—C5	122.6 (6)
O1—N2—O2	115.9 (8)	C9—C6—C7	124.2 (6)
O1—N2—C4	124.3 (8)	C5—C6—C7	113.2 (6)
O2—N2—C4	119.6 (7)	C8—C7—C6	126.0 (7)
C9—O4—C10	117.5 (6)	С8—С7—Н7А	117.0
C2—C1—H1B	109.5	С6—С7—Н7А	117.0

C2 C1 H1C	100.5	C7 $C9$ $C3$	110 6 (6)
	109.5		119.0 (0)
H1B—C1—H1C	109.5	С7—С8—Н8А	120.2
C2—C1—H1D	109.5	C3—C8—H8A	120.2
H1B—C1—H1D	109.5	O3—C9—O4	122.1 (7)
H1C—C1—H1D	109.5	O3—C9—C6	122.3 (6)
C1—C2—N1	112.7 (7)	O4—C9—C6	115.6 (6)
C1—C2—H2A	109.0	O4—C10—C11	103.4 (6)
N1—C2—H2A	109.0	O4C10H10A	111.1
C1—C2—H2B	109.0	C11-C10-H10A	111.1
N1—C2—H2B	109.0	O4—C10—H10B	111.1
H2A—C2—H2B	107.8	C11-C10-H10B	111.1
N1—C3—C4	123.3 (7)	H10A—C10—H10B	109.0
N1—C3—C8	120.4 (6)	C10-C11-H11A	109.5
C4—C3—C8	116.3 (6)	C10-C11-H11B	109.5
C5—C4—N2	114.2 (6)	H11A—C11—H11B	109.5
C5—C4—C3	121.6 (7)	C10-C11-H11C	109.5
N2—C4—C3	124.2 (7)	H11A—C11—H11C	109.5
C4—C5—C6	123.2 (6)	H11B—C11—H11C	109.5
C3—N1—C2—C1	84.9 (10)	C4—C5—C6—C7	-1.2 (9)
C2—N1—C3—C4	177.9 (6)	C9—C6—C7—C8	179.8 (7)
C2—N1—C3—C8	-3.1 (11)	C5—C6—C7—C8	-1.2 (9)
O1—N2—C4—C5	-3.6 (10)	C6—C7—C8—C3	3.4 (10)
O2—N2—C4—C5	-177.5 (7)	N1—C3—C8—C7	177.8 (7)
O1—N2—C4—C3	175.8 (7)	C4—C3—C8—C7	-3.1 (9)
O2—N2—C4—C3	1.9 (10)	C10—O4—C9—O3	-1.7 (10)
N1—C3—C4—C5	179.9 (7)	C10—O4—C9—C6	178.0 (6)
C8—C3—C4—C5	0.9 (8)	C5—C6—C9—O3	173.2 (7)
N1—C3—C4—N2	0.6 (10)	C7—C6—C9—O3	-7.9 (11)
C8—C3—C4—N2	-178.5 (6)	C5—C6—C9—O4	-6.5 (10)
N2-C4-C5-C6	-179.3 (6)	C7—C6—C9—O4	172.4 (6)
C3—C4—C5—C6	1.3 (9)	C9—O4—C10—C11	176.7 (6)
C4—C5—C6—C9	177.8 (6)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	D—H··· A
N1—H1A···O2	0.86	2.00	2.645 (10)	131
N1—H1A···O3 ⁱ	0.86	2.45	3.053 (10)	128
Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+2$, $y+1/2$, $-z+1$.				





Fig. 2